



International Action Platform on Food Systems





Foundation

UN GLOBAL COMPACT & FOOD SYSTEMS:

The need for a private sector representation at UN level

23.06.2022







Secretariat Representatives



Vincent Doumeizel United Nations Global Compact



Camila Valverde UN Global Compact Brazil



Bibian Ximena Garcia UN Global Compact Colombia



Aleksandr Narutto UN Global Compact Norway



Knut Moestue UN Global Compact Norway



Lene Westergaard UN Global Compact Denmark



Florian Burel UN Global Compact France



Joachim Christensen UN Global Compact Denmark

UN Food System Summit calls for Food Private Sector representation at UN level

In 2021, UN Secretary-General A. Guterres convened a Food Systems Summit as part of the Decade of Action to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) by 2030.

Call for a summit outlines the urgency to work on global and integrated solutions to change our Food System with actions from all UN Agencies beside the usual UN Food Agencies.

Currently non-active in food, Global Compact owns one of the largest number of private food brands.

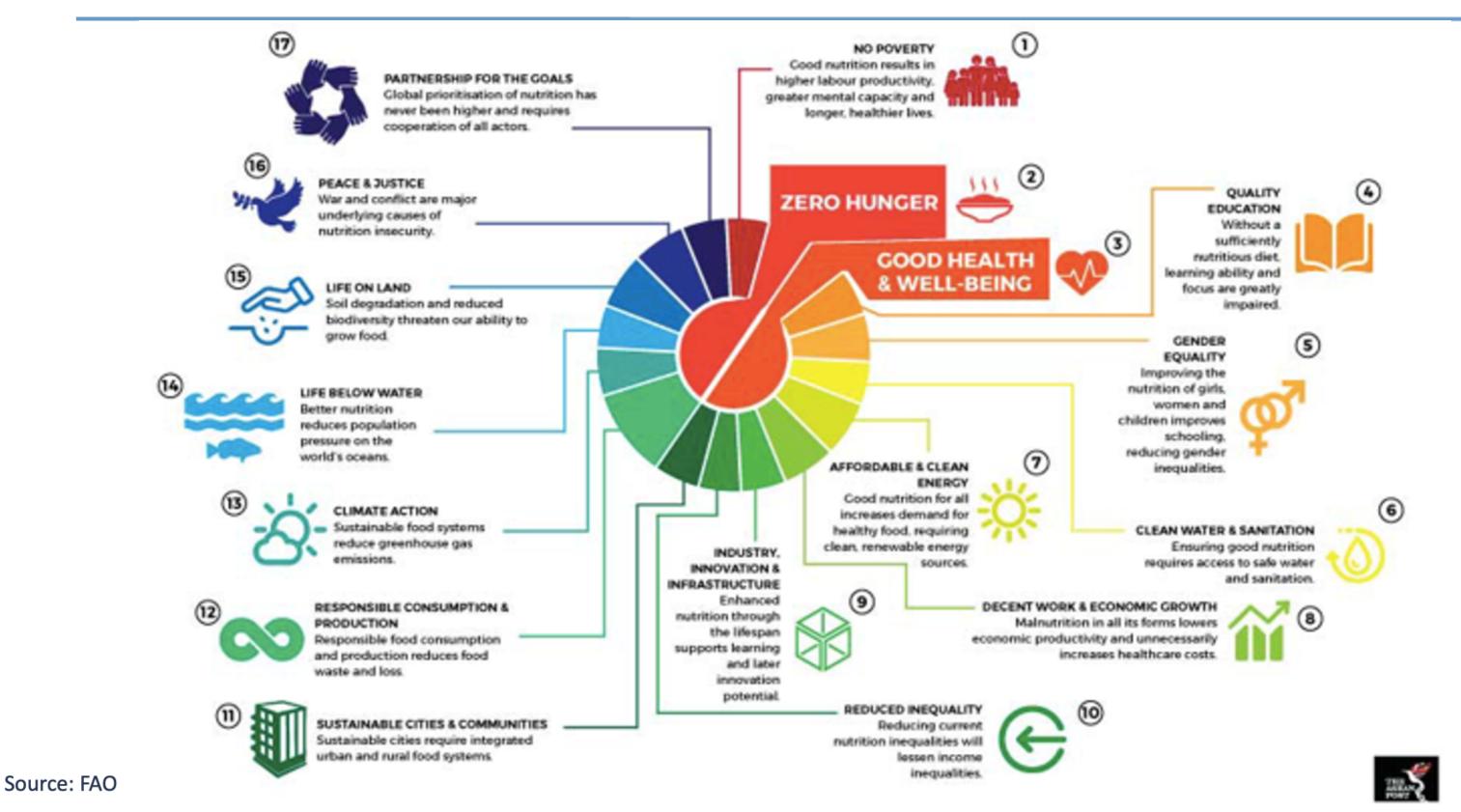
UNGC so far is only part of the Blue Food Coalition based on seaweed / seafood credentials. Global Compact has run a successful Food and Agriculture programme for years, until 2017.

PSM, CGF and WBCSD are important organisations in this space unrelated to the UN => Need to amplify and voice their action at UN level





Food Security, Traceability and Nutrition & Sustainable Development goals



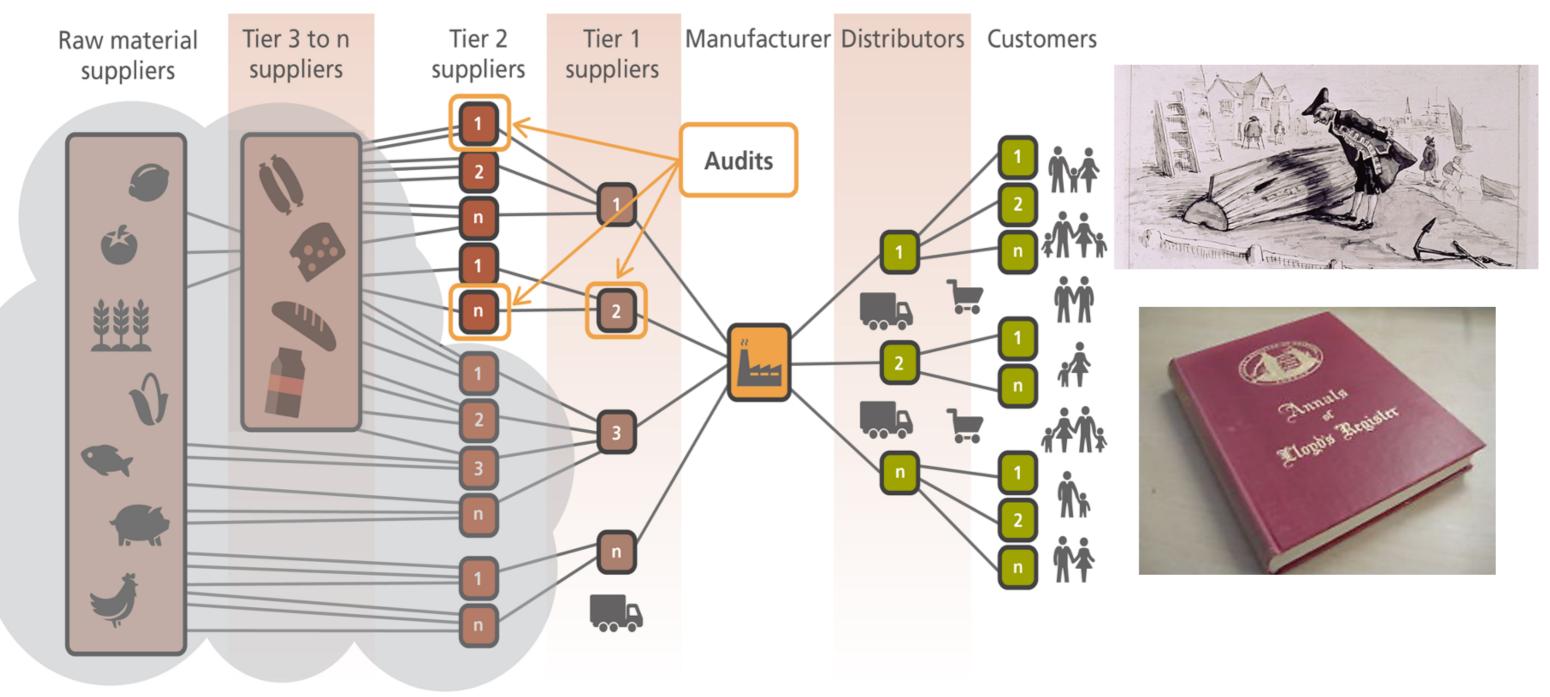
Unbalanced food demand accross the world



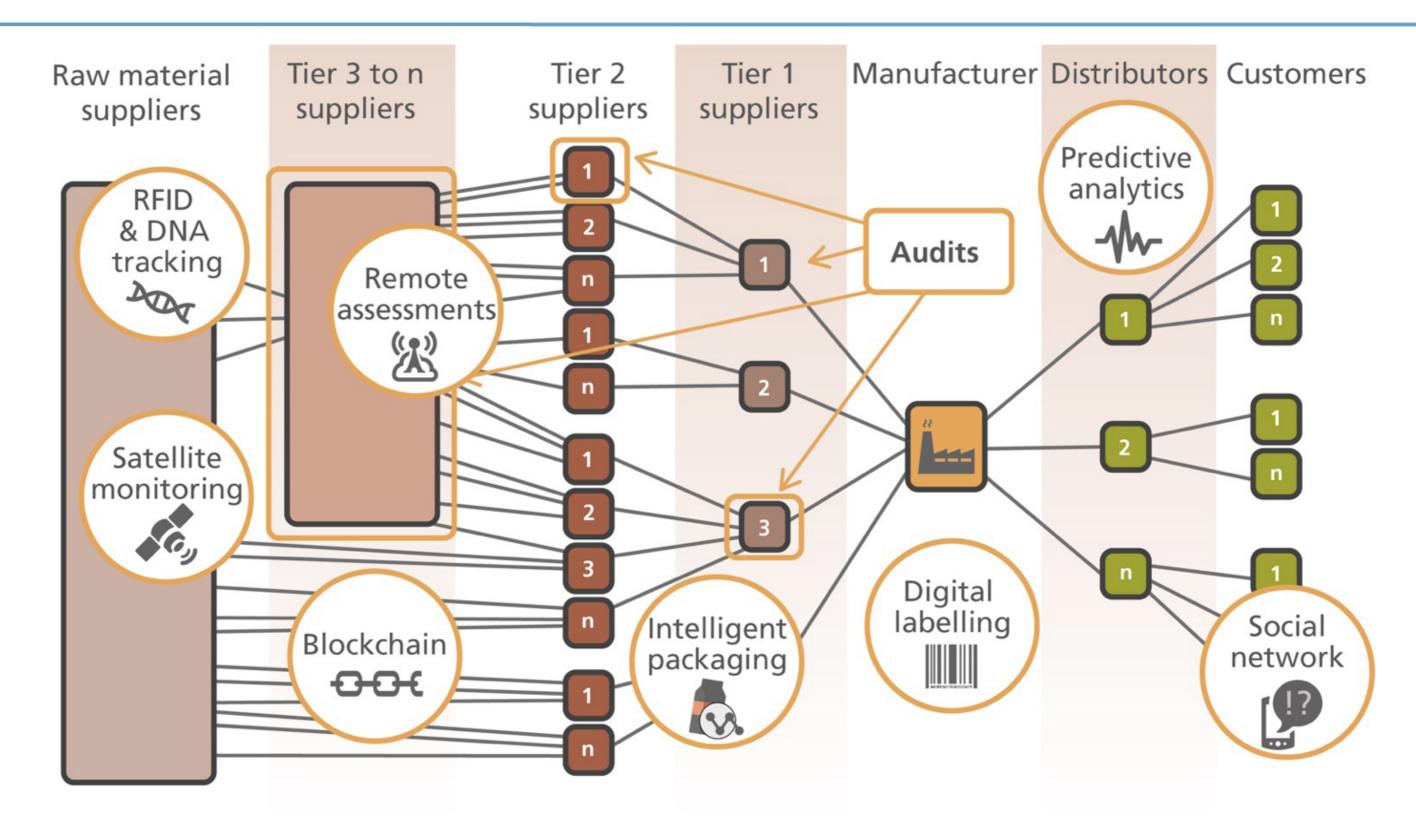
More people live inside this circle than outside of it

What worked in the past isn't working today

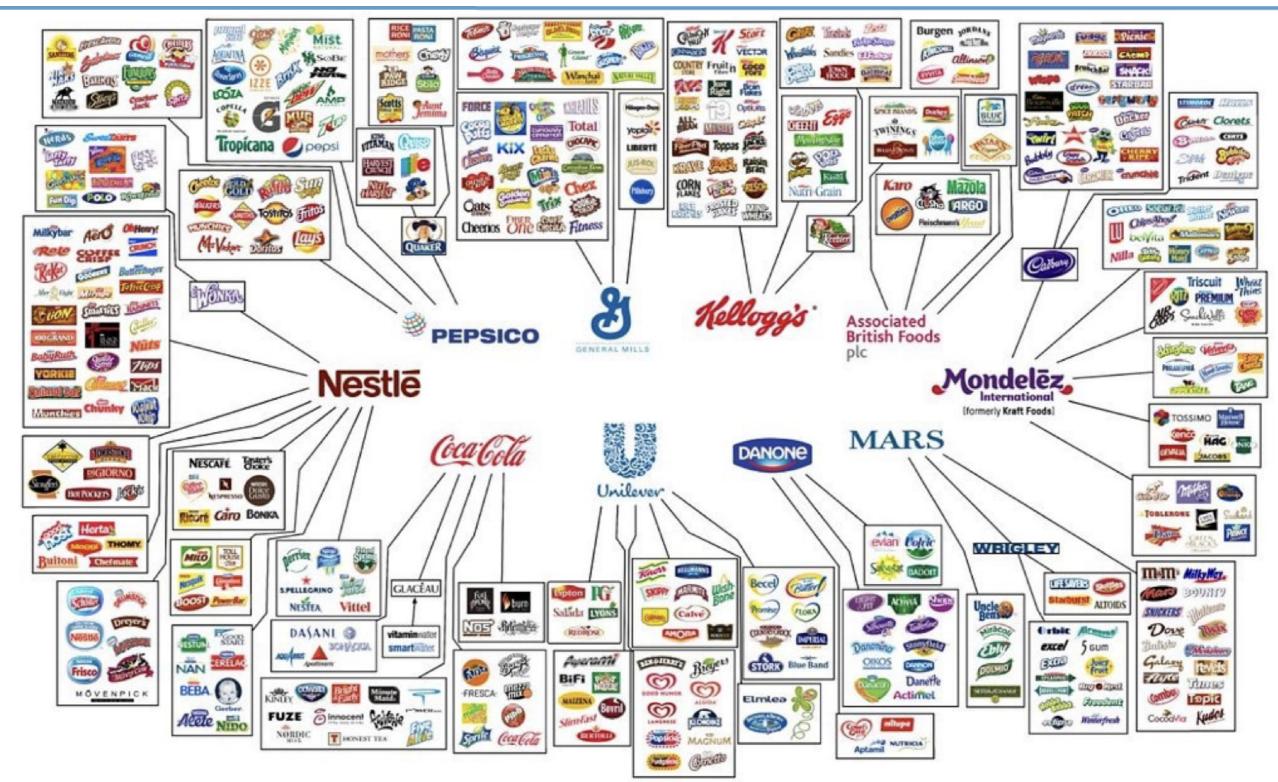
Standalone, point-in-time audits provide limited assurance and no end-to-end visibility.



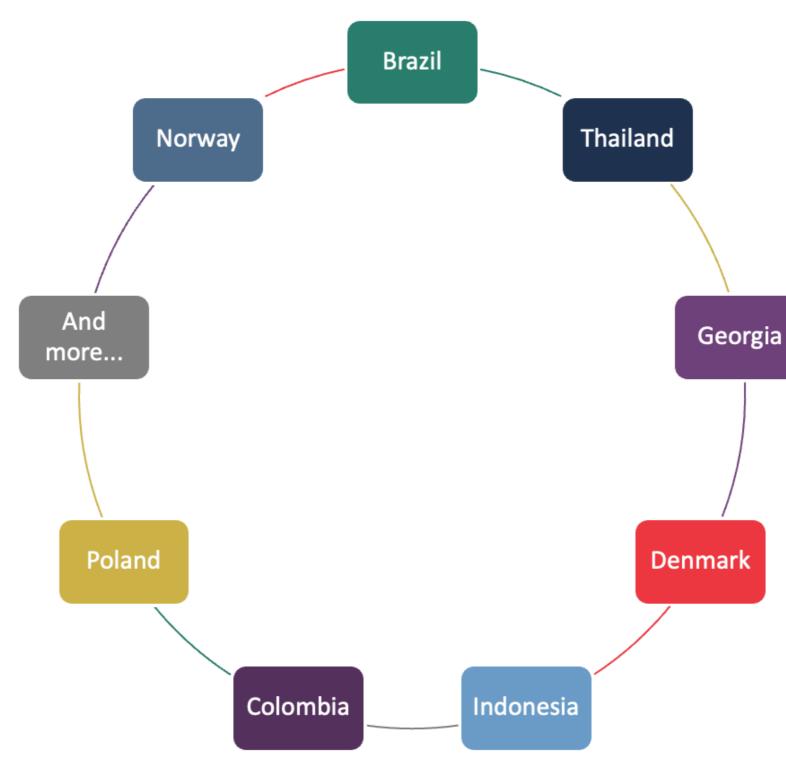
Food industry 4.0: global ecosystem for Transparency, Food Safety & Sustainability

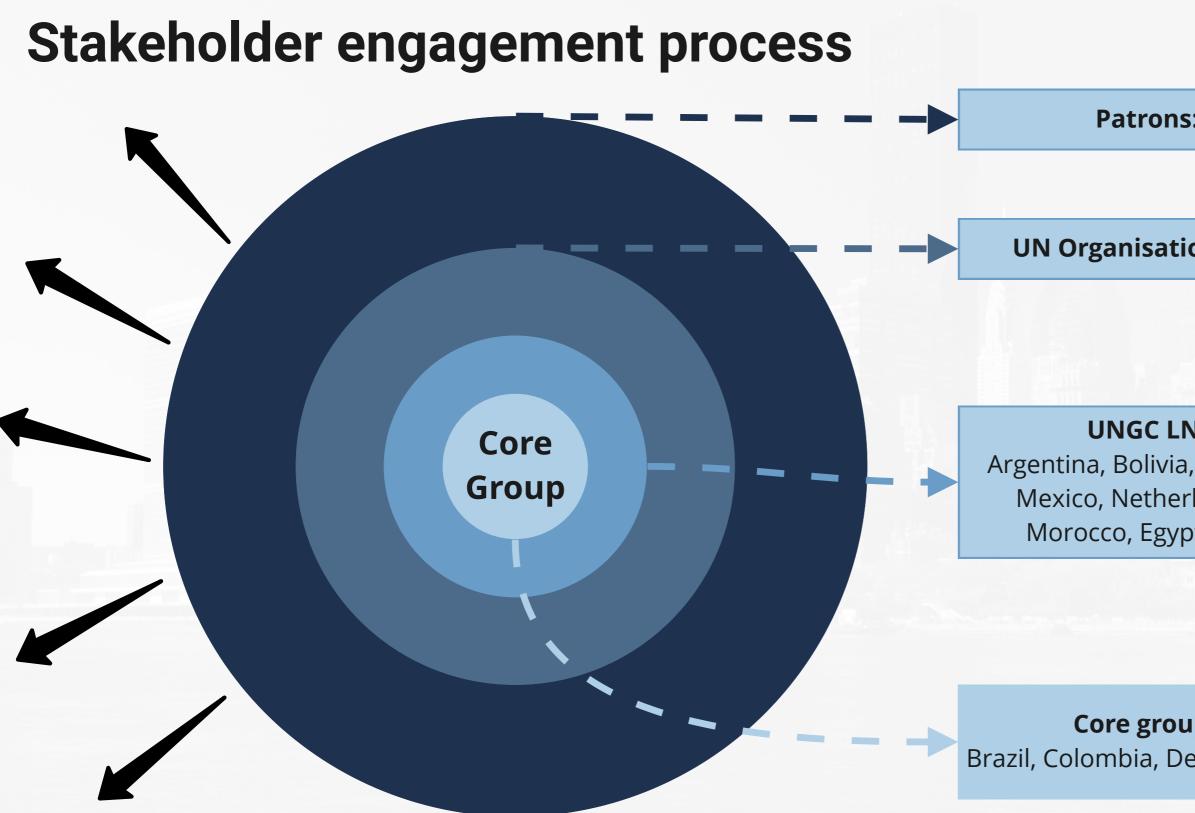


Food Industry: A few strong leaders, but a very fragmented supply chain & a lack of global representation



Scoping the LNs that have been actively involved in food work





Patrons: LRF, Nestlé, Nortura...

UN Organisations: FAO, ILO, WFP and others

UNGC LNs Group 16 Networks:

Argentina, Bolivia, Finland, Georgia, Ghana, Korea, Mexico, Netherlands, Paraguay, Portugal, UK, Morocco, Egypt, Switzerland, Kenya, Poland

Core group's LN representatives: Brazil, Colombia, Denmark, USA, Norway, France, Italy

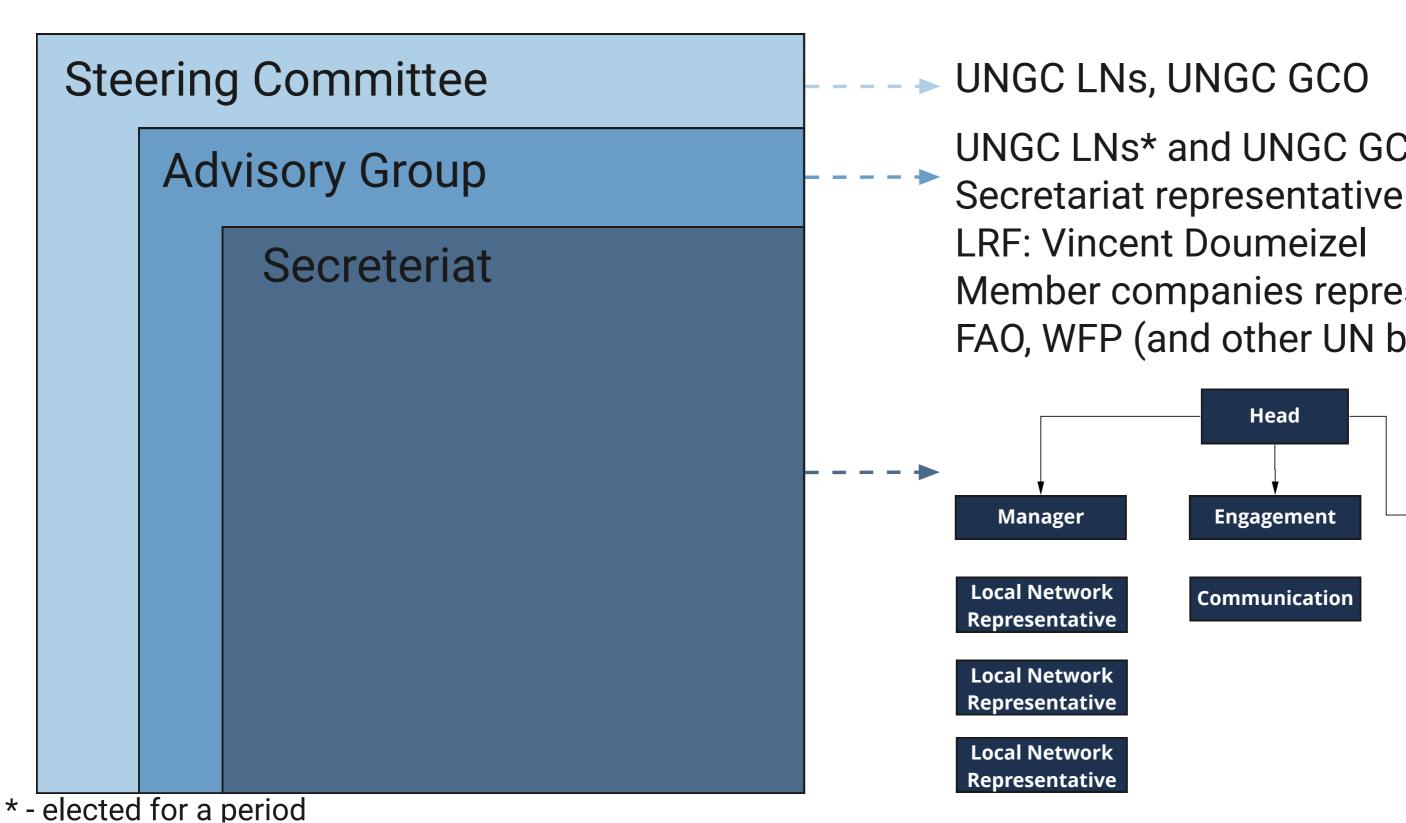




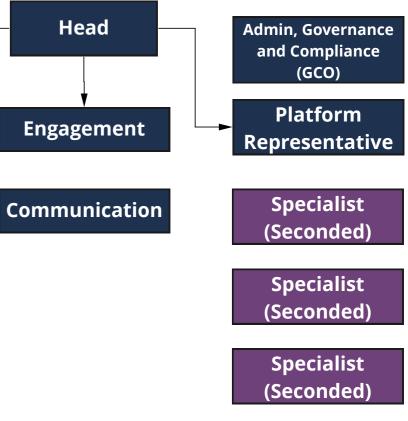
Structuring the platform



Governance structure



UNGC LNs* and UNGC GCO Member companies representative* FAO, WFP (and other UN bodies)



Governance: Secretariat



Local Network Representative



Project 3

Local Network Representative



Specialist (Seconded)

Specialist (Seconded)

Specialist (Seconded)





Topics and Deliverables



Food Systems Summit



Food and Agriculture Business Principles



AIM FOR FOOD SECURITY, HEALTH AND NUTRITION

Businesses should support food and agriculture systems that optimize production and minimize wastage, to provide nutrition and promote health for every person on the planet.



BE ENVIRONMENTALLY RESPONSIBLE

Businesses should support sustainable intensification of food systems to meet global needs by managing agriculture, livestock, fisheries and forestry responsibly. They should protect and enhance the environment and use natural resources efficiently and optimally.



ENSURE ECONOMIC VIABILITY AND SHARE VALUE

Businesses should create, deliver and share value across the entire food and agriculture chain from farmers to consumers.

Food and Agriculture Business Principles



RESPECT HUMAN RIGHTS, CREATE DECENT WORK AND HELP COMMUNITIES TO THRIVE

Businesses should respect the rights of farmers, workers and consumers. They should improve livelihoods, promote and provide equal opportunities, so communities are attractive to live, work and invest in.



ENCOURAGE GOOD GOVERNANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

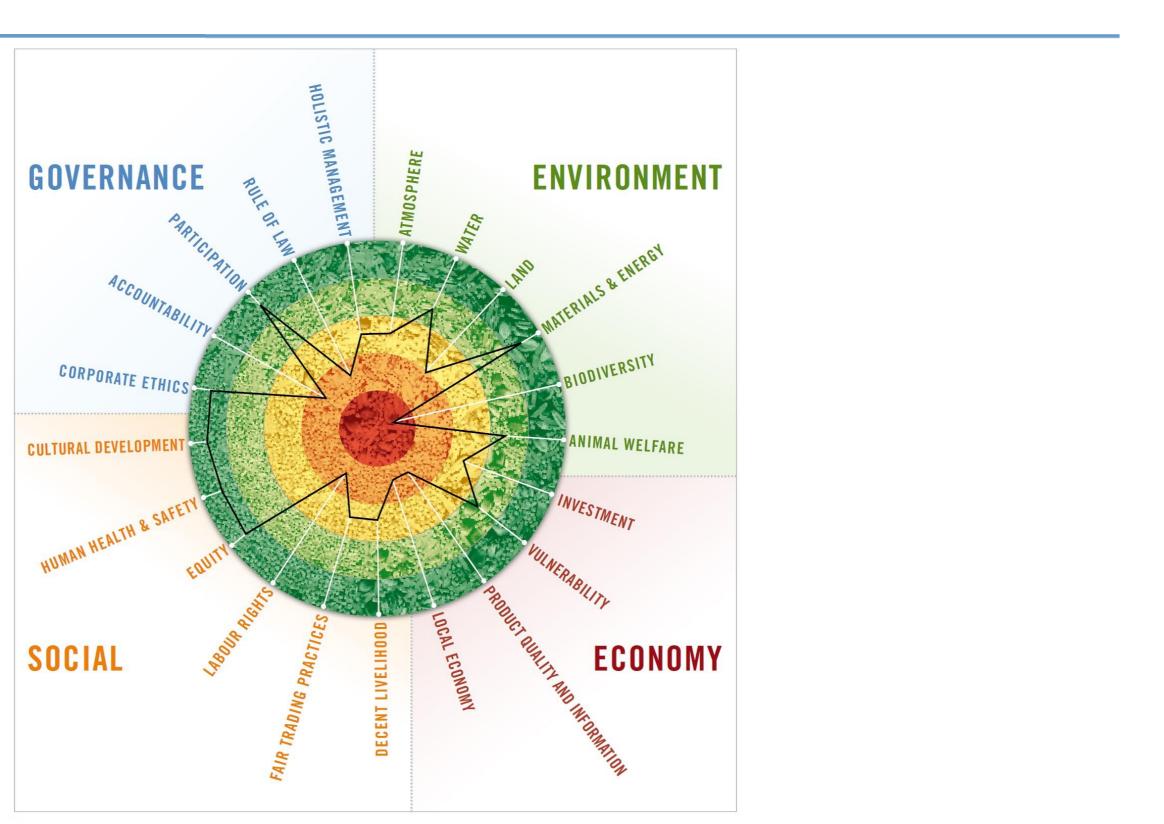
Businesses should behave legally and responsibly by respecting land and natural resource rights, avoiding corruption, being transparent about activities and recognizing their impacts.



PROMOTE ACCESS AND TRANSFER OF KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS AND TECHNOLOGY

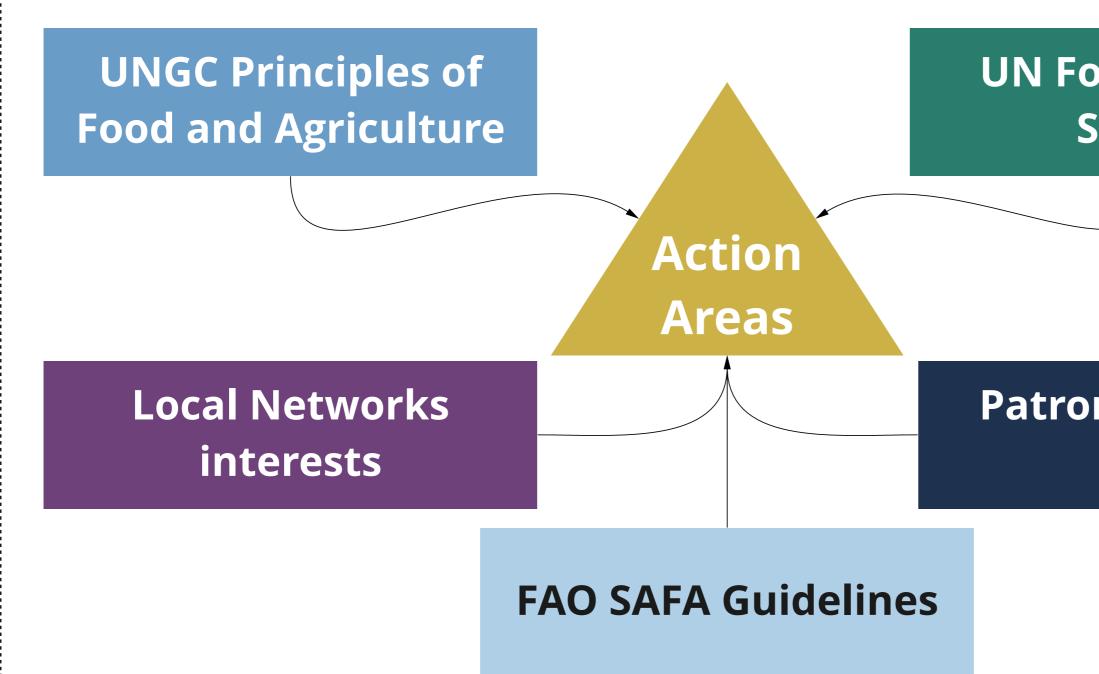
Businesses should promote access to information, knowledge and skills for more sustainable food and agricultural systems. They should invest in developing capacities of smallholders and small- and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), as well as more effective practices and new technologies.

FAO SAFA Guidelines



Identification of Tipping Points

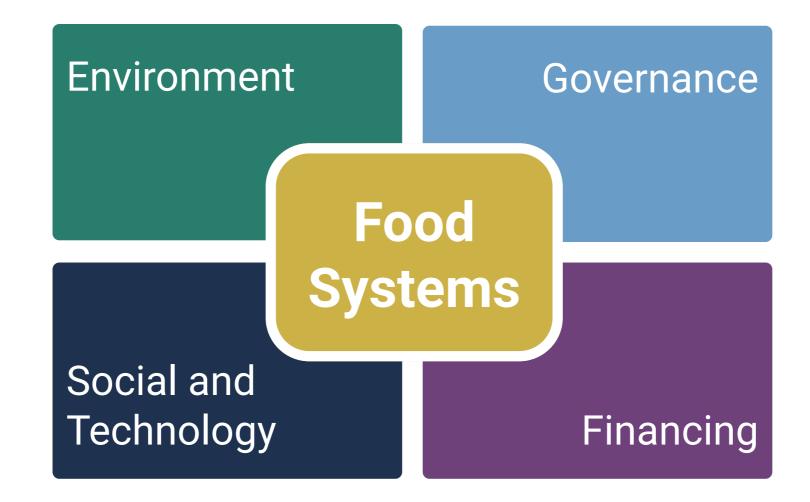
Scoping phase



UN Food Systems Summit

Patron companies inputs

Directions of Action areas for a platform of Platforms



Action Areas: Food Systems

Step 1:

Principles-based approach

Step 2: Deliverables



Sustainability goals as a Business Opportunity

Responsibility: Human rights, working life, anti-corruption and environment / climate



Action Areas: Environment

Environment

Tackle Monocropping

Biodiversity



Security and **Crops Diversity**

Packaging and Plastics

Traditional and Ancestry Seeds

Circular solutions

Waste



Soil Health

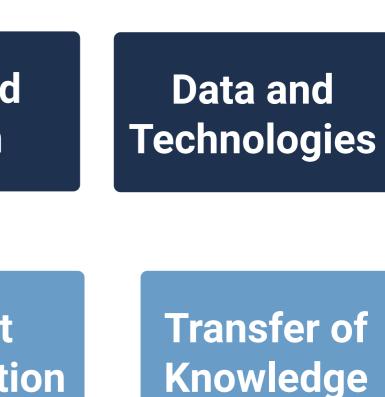
Regenerative Agriculture

GHG Emissions Control

Action Areas: Social and Technology, Governance and Financing

Social and Technology

	Conscious Consumption		Labour Rights		Traceability		Health and Nutrition		
	Governance								
	Resilient Systems		_abour Rights				Just Transiti		
Financing									
	New Financing Mechanisms		Africa's Strategy: How to Build Competence			FLAG SBT Setting			



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SBTIs for Nature





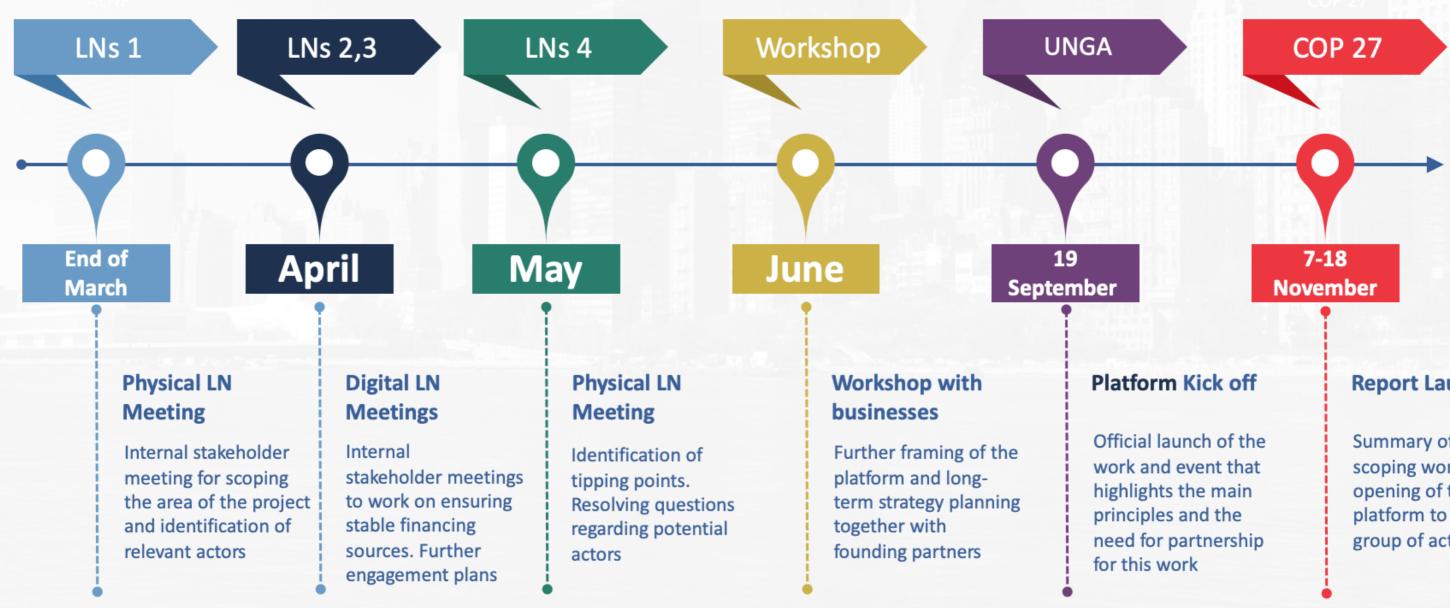
UN GLOBAL COMPACT & FOOD SYSTEMS:

The Road Ahead



Action Plan

As part of the scoping project, we are expected to organize up to 4 LNs meetings, Workshop with the businesses, launch the coalition and launch the report summarizing the findings of the scoping project



Report Launch

Summary of the scoping work and opening of the platform to a larger group of actors



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